

1. An isolated nucleic acid molecule selected from the group consisting of:
  - a) a nucleic acid comprising the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1, SEQ ID NO:3, or a complement thereof; and
  - b) a nucleic acid molecule which encodes a polypeptide comprising the amino acid  
5 sequence of SEQ ID NO:2.
2. The nucleic acid molecule of claim 1, further comprising a vector nucleic acid sequence.
- 10 3. The nucleic acid molecule of claim 1, further comprising a nucleic acid sequence encoding a heterologous polypeptide.
4. A host cell which contains the nucleic acid molecule of claim 1.
- 15 5. An isolated polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:2.
6. The polypeptide of claim 5, further comprising heterologous amino acid sequences.
- 20 7. An antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof that selectively binds to the polypeptide of claim 5.
8. A method for producing a polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:2, the method comprising culturing the host cell of claim 4 under  
25 conditions in which the nucleic acid molecule is expressed.
9. A method for detecting the presence of the polypeptide of claim 5 in a sample, the method comprising:
  - a) contacting the sample with an antibody that selectively binds to the polypeptide;
  - 30 and
  - b) determining whether the compound binds to the polypeptide in the sample.

10. A kit comprising a compound that selectively binds to the polypeptide of claim 5 and instructions for use.

5 11. A method for detecting the presence of the nucleic acid molecule of claim 1 in a sample, the method comprising:

- a) contacting the sample with a nucleic acid probe or primer that selectively hybridizes to the nucleic acid molecule; and
- b) determining whether the nucleic acid probe or primer binds to a nucleic acid in the sample.

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12. The method of claim 11, wherein the sample comprises mRNA molecules and is contacted with a nucleic acid probe.

15 13. A kit comprising a nucleic acid probe or primer that selectively hybridizes to the nucleic acid molecule of claim 1 and instructions for use.

14. A method for identifying a compound that binds to the polypeptide of claim 5, the method comprising:

- a) contacting the polypeptide or a cell expressing the polypeptide with a test compound; and
- b) determining whether the polypeptide binds to the test compound.

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15. A method for modulating the activity of the polypeptide of claim 5, the method comprising contacting the polypeptide or a cell expressing the polypeptide with a compound that binds to the polypeptide in a sufficient concentration to modulate the activity of the polypeptide.

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16. A method of inhibiting aberrant activity of a 33521-expressing cell, comprising contacting the cell with a compound that modulates the activity or expression of the polypeptide of claim 5, in an amount that is effective to reduce or inhibit the aberrant activity of the cell.

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17. The method of claim 16, wherein the compound is selected from the group consisting of a peptide, a phosphopeptide, a small organic molecule, and an antibody.

18. The method of claim 16, wherein the 33521-expressing cell is a cancer cell.

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19. A method of treating or preventing a disorder characterized by aberrant activity of a 33521-expressing cell, in a subject, the method comprising administering to the subject an effective amount of a compound that modulates the activity or expression of the nucleic acid molecule of claim 1, such that the aberrant activity of the-expressing cell is reduced or  
10 inhibited.

20. The method of claim 19, wherein the 33521-expressing cell is a cancer cell.